



#### **Focus Words**

decade | incompatible | temporarily | unify | violation



#### Weekly Passage

Buying and selling alcohol was prohibited in the U.S. from 1920-1933. Alcohol was sold illegally during those vears. Violent crime increased as sellers fought with each other. Now, however, selling alcohol to adults is not a <u>violation</u> of the law, and selling alcohol is no longer a source of violent crime. Some people have proposed that drugs such as marijuana, cocaine, and heroin also be legalized. Advocates of drug legalization suggest that the world of drugs would be safer if the criminal element were removed from selling them. They also argue that if drugs were legal, police could focus on more serious crimes. Furthermore, they point out that the government's limited resources could then be used for improving schools and providing better health care rather than funding more jails for drug dealers.

In the <u>decade</u> from 1985-1995, more than 80 percent of the prison population

increase resulted from drug convictions. Most of those prisoners were minorities. African-American Congressman Charles Rangel feels strongly that illegal drugs should not be legalized. He says that legalizing dangerous drugs like cocaine and heroin would kill even more young black men. He is outraged that the U.S. government has not made the drug problem a higher priority. Rangel thinks everyone should work together to <u>unify</u> and strengthen efforts to fight drug abuse and related crime. He believes that legalizing drugs is <u>incompatible</u> with initiatives aimed at improving the lives of urban youth.

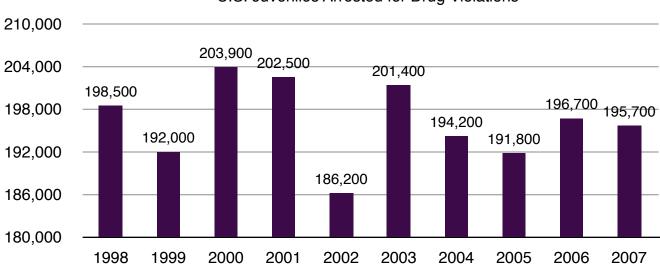
Should we <u>temporarily</u> legalize drugs and see if crime levels go down? Or do you agree with Congressman Rangel that we cannot risk more young people becoming addicted to harmful substances?

		Notes					
alized?		Examples of Use					
Unit I.18 - Should drugs be legalized?		Forms					
9 - Should	d Chart	Meaning	(n.) – ten years	(adj.) – in disagreement	(adv.) – for a while; not permanently	(v.) – to bring together	(n.) – broken rule; crime
Unit I.I	Focus Word Chart	Word	decade	incompatible	temporarily	unify	violation

# Unit 1.18 - Should drugs be legalized?



In the **decade** between 1998 and 2007, the number of juveniles (children/minors under the age of 17) arrested for drug **violations** was around 200,000. Americans are **unified** in their desire to keep kids out of trouble but divided about the best way to do that. Should we fight harder to get rid of illegal drugs? Or should we legalize them, removing the criminal element? Is drug legalization **compatible** with a functioning society?



U.S. Juveniles Arrested for Drug Violations

**Option 1:** In what year(s) did the number of arrests **temporarily** exceed 202,000?

- A) 2000, 2001, and 2003
- B) 2000 and 2003
- C) 2000 and 2001
- D) 2000

**Option 2:** In 1995, 39.9% of drug arrests were for marijuana. By 2009, the percentage of arrests for marijuana had risen to 52.6% of total drug arrests. Six percent of all drug arrests were for marijuana trafficking and sale, and 45.6% of all drug arrests were for marijuana possession. Are law enforcement officials **temporarily** focusing their efforts on marijuana possession? Or is this a trend that will continue? If 45.6% of all drug arrests are for marijuana possession, how many of the juveniles arrested in 2007 would you expect to have been arrested on this charge?

**Math Discussion Question:** In 1971, President Nixon declared drug abuse "public enemy number one." In that year, 108,100 juveniles were arrested for drug **violations**. **Decades** later, almost twice that many juveniles are being arrested each year, and some are saying the war on drugs has been lost. What is our best strategy? Should we permit marijuana, and focus on policing more serious drugs? Without a **unified** approach nationwide, there could be problems. For example, California's medical marijuana laws were **incompatible** with federal anti-drug laws. Medical marijuana stores were permitted by state law, but were still being raided by federal agents. If you were **temporarily** in charge of the nation's drug policies, what strategy would you follow?

## Should drugs be legalized? Debating the Issue



## I. Get ready...

Pick one of these positions (or create your own).

Drugs should be legalized, because that would mean there would be fewer criminals, and fewer people would go to jail.

Drugs should not be legalized, because then they would kill even more people. Instead, people should unify their efforts to stop drug use among young people.

We should temporarily legalize drugs, and see if crime rates go down. Then we will know if legalization is the right thing to do.

Drugs should be legal, but only for people over 21. This will keep more teenagers from getting addicted.

2. Get set...

Be ready to provide evidence to back up your position during your class discussion or debate. Jot down a few quick notes: GO!

Be a strong participant by using phrases like these.

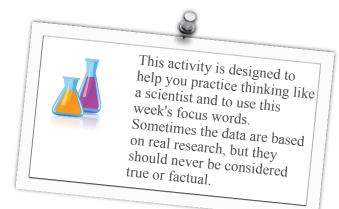
..because...

I disagree with part of that...

An example might help convince me. Can you give me an example?

What part of the passage makes you think that?

# Unit 1.18 - Should drugs be legalized? Science Activity



state in the U.S. decided on its own drinking age. The drinking age was 18 in some states and 19, 20, or 21 in others. However, the Drinking Age Act of 1984 created a **unified** law for the whole country that raised the drinking age to 21. Some scientists think that 18-, 19-, and 20-year-olds started to drink even more alcohol after this law was passed, a result that is **incompatible** with the law's goal. These lawbreakers wanted to **violate** the rule because it seemed unfair or too strict. Some people say that laws against drugs have the same effect, and that legalizing drugs would make the number of users go down. Professors Seemy and Kahn decide to test this idea in the classroom by **temporarily** "legalizing" a behavior that is against the rules: cursing.

#### **Question**:

What will happen to the amount of cursing if cursing is allowed?

#### **Hypothesis**:

Students will curse less if cursing is allowed.

#### Materials:

- Classroom
- Students

#### **Procedure**:

- 1. Keep rules against cursing in place.
- 2. Count the number of cursing violations for 5 weeks.
- 3. Change to rules to allow cursing.
- 4. Count the number of cursing violations for an additional 5 weeks.
- 5. Calculate the total number of cursing violations for each week.

#### Data:

First 5 Weeks:	Week	Week	Week	Week	Week
Cursing Prohibited	I	2	3	4	5
Cursing Violations	8	11	10	9	11

Second 5 Weeks:	Week	Week	Week	Week	Week
Cursing Allowed	6	7	8	9	10
Cursing Violations	56	2	5	5	5

#### **Conclusion**:

Is the hypothesis supported or not by the data?

What evidence supports your conclusion?

How would you make this a better experiment?

### **Writing Prompt**

Should drugs be legalized?

Support your position with clear reasons and specific examples. Try to use relevant words from the Word Generation list in your response.

Word Generation list in your response.	☐ Stated my own position☐ Included 1 focus word		
Focus Words decade   incompatible   temporarily   unify   violation	Pretty Good  Stated my own position clea  Included 1-2 arguments  Included 1-2 focus words		
	Exemplary		
	☐ Stated my own position clearl☐ Included 1-2 arguments☐ Included 1 counterargument☐ Used 2-5 focus words		

A tool to help you think about your

Check off what you accomplished:

Remember you can use focus words from any of

**Good Start** 

own writing!

the WG Units.