



Focus Words

alter | compound | conflict | fundamental | substitute



Weekly Passage

After his success in the 1990s, the great homerun king, Barry Bonds, came under pressure. His fans began questioning whether he had been using steroids throughout his baseball career. Bonds has denied using any illegal chemical compounds to improve his athletic performance. However, a teammate wrote a book saying that Bonds used steroids to get stronger and bigger. Now that steroids have been declared illegal, many athletes are substituting new types of drugs that are hard to detect using traditional testing methods.

In 2001, Bonds reached a new record for the number of home runs in a single season. But sports writers and fans felt conflicted about recognizing the record. Did Bonds deserve recognition if he achieved his record with the help of drugs?

Many sports fans think steroid use is wrong. They believe that showing good sportsmanship is a <u>fundamental</u> part of athletic success. Some baseball greats like Babe Ruth, Roger Maris, and Mickey Mantle reached their home run records without drugs. If Bonds is eventually found guilty of steroid use, should his home run record be thrown out? Should the rules be <u>altered</u> to allow performance-enhancing drugs? What if athletes use vitamins to boost their health or pain relievers to help them play through injuries? Are some chemical compounds okay for athletes to use? How much chemical help is too much?

an innocent boost for	Use Notes					
an innocer	Examples of Use					
	Forms					
Steroids: Substance abuse or athletes? Focus Word Chart	Meaning	(v.) - to change	(n.) - mixture	(adj.) – confused; undecided; having feelings that clash or conflict	(adj.) - central; essential	(v.) - to replace
Unit 1.10 Steroids: Subsathletes? Focus Word Chart	Word	alter	compound	conflicted	fundamental	substitute

Unit I.10

Steroids: Substance abuse or an innocent boost for athletes?



Problem of the Week

Barry Bonds holds Major League Baseball's record for career home runs. Many people have **conflicted** feelings about this fact. On one hand, Bonds is a great athlete and the record is a historic accomplishment. On the other hand, Bonds has been accused of using chemical **compounds** to illegally **alter** his body. This kind of chemical abuse goes against **fundamental** sports ideals, like sportsmanship and fair play. Before Bonds, Hank Aaron held the home run record. He was a role model to other athletes as well as one of the best players of all time. Some people think Barry Bonds is a poor **substitute** for Hank Aaron.

Here are the all-time, top five career home-run hitters:

Option 1: What percentage more home runs did Barry Bonds hit than Hank Aaron?

- A) 5% more
- B) 2% more
- C) 12% more
- D) less than 1% more

Barry Bonds	762
Hank Aaron	755
Babe Ruth	714
Willie Mays	660
Ken Griffey, Jr.	630

Option 2: A physicist at Tufts University estimated that steroids could help a person hit 50% more home runs. Let's assume he is right. If a player hit 762 home runs on steroids, how many home runs would he have hit without the 50% increase that steroids provide? (For example, we're assuming a person who hit 15 home runs on steroids would have hit just 10 home runs without steroids. Ten, increased by 50%, becomes 15.)

Math Discussion Question: Steroids **alter** the body in a **fundamental** way, by increasing muscle mass. Are they responsible for baseball's recent record-breaking performances? The list of great players caught up in the **conflict** over steroids is growing. Batting greats Jose Conseco and Mark McGwire have both admitted to using illegal **compounds**. Should Major League Baseball try to **substitute** clean players for the ones who built their bulk with the help of steroids? Or should we accept that steroids were part of this era, and focus on the future?

Steroids: Substance abuse or an innocent boost for athletes?



Debating the Issue

I. Get ready...

Pick one of these positions (or create your own).

An athlete's records should be thrown out if he uses any chemical compounds to help him play the game, even pain relievers.

GO!

Athletes should be allowed to use pain relievers if necessary, but should not be allowed to use any drugs that will give them an advantage over other players.

Athletes should be allowed to use steroids and other compounds to improve their performance, as long as they are honest about what they have taken.

An athlete's records should not be thrown out if he uses steroids, because what is important is what he accomplished, not how he did it.

In my experience .

that's similar to what I think too ...

Be a strong participant by using phrases like these.

What makes you think that?

Е

2. Get set...

Be ready to provide evidence to back up your position during your class discussion or debate. Jot down a few quick notes: When I re-read the text, it reminded me...

Unit I.10

Steroids: Substance abuse or an innocent boost for athletes? Science Activity

This activity is designed to help you practice thinking like a scientist and to use this week's focus words.
Sometimes the data are based on real research, but they should never be considered true or factual.

Tufts University physicist Roger Tobin is interested in the **conflict** over illegal **compounds** used by some major league baseball players. Steroids and similar, **substitute** chemicals **alter** the body in a **fundamental** way.

They help athletes increase muscle mass. But what does this mean for baseball players? Will players on steroids hit more home runs?

Tobin says yes. Steroids can increase muscle mass over 10%. Tobin found that a 10% muscle mass increase could help a player hit 50% more home runs.

Major League Baseball began testing for steroids in 2003. Players who are caught using steroids are fined, suspended without pay, or banned from the major league. If baseball players before 2003 had help from steroids to hit home runs, then home run records should be higher before 2003 and lower after 2003.

Ouestion:

Did the yearly home run record decrease after 2003?

Hypothesis:

The average yearly home run record during the 5 years before 2003 will be higher than the average yearly home run record during the 5 years after 2003.

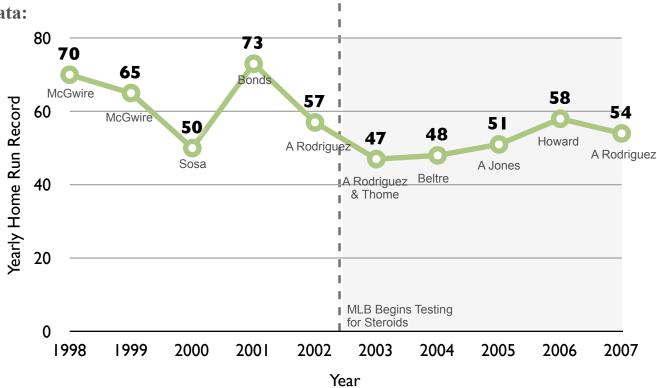
Materials:

Major League Baseball statistics

Procedure:

- 1. Calculate the average home run record from 1998 to 2002, before steroid testing began.
- 2. Calculate the average home run record from 2003 to 2007.
- 3. Compare the two averages.





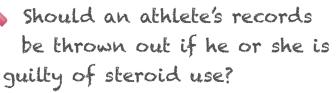
Conclusion:

Is the hypothesis supported or not by the data?

What evidence supports your conclusion?

How would you make this a better experiment?

Writing Prompt:



A tool to help you think about your

Check off what you accomplished:

☐ Stated my own position

Remember you can use focus words from any of

Good Start

own writing!

the WG Units.

Support your position with clear reasons and specific

Generation list in your response.	☐ Included 1 focus word		
	Pretty Good		
Focus Words alter compound conflict fundamental substitute	☐ Stated my own position clearly☐ Included 1-2 arguments☐ Included 1-2 focus words		
	Exemplary		
	☐ Stated my own position clearly☐ Included 1-2 arguments☐ Included 1 counterargument☐ Used 2-5 focus words		